

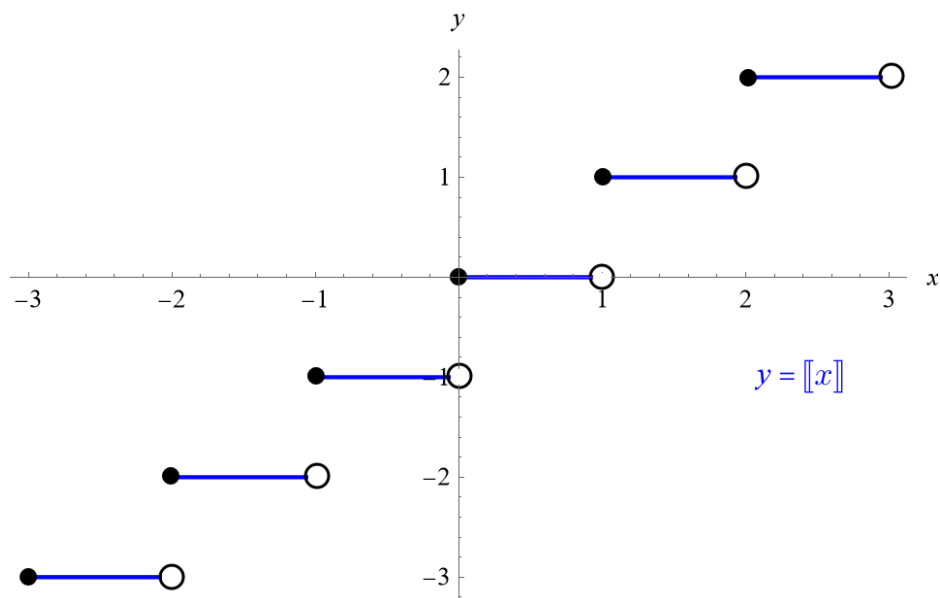
Problem 5

Evaluate the following limits, if they exist, where $\llbracket x \rrbracket$ denotes the greatest integer function.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\llbracket x \rrbracket}{x} \qquad (b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \llbracket 1/x \rrbracket$$

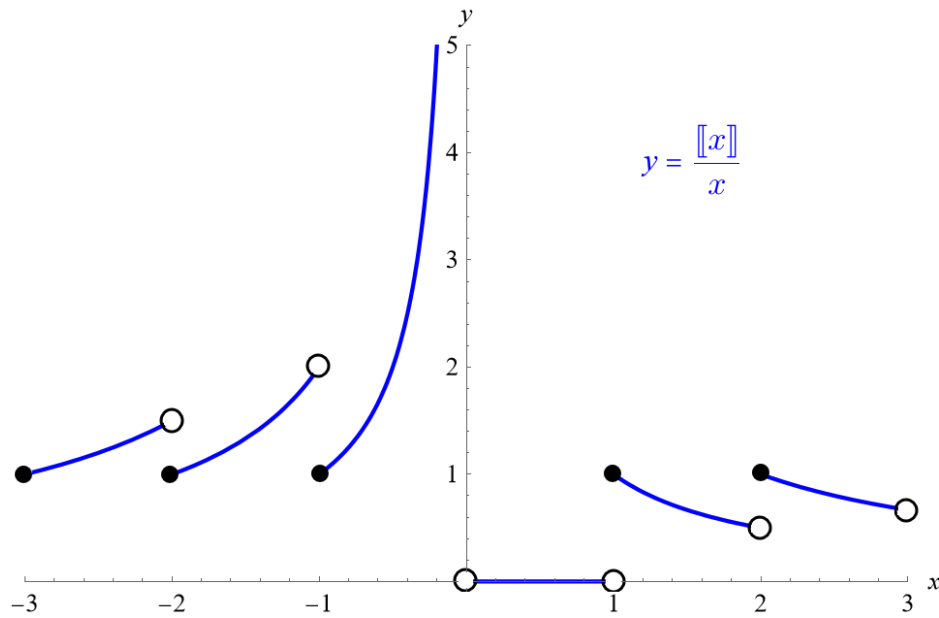
Solution

Below is the graph of the greatest integer function for reference.



Part (a)

Graph the function $\frac{[x]}{x}$ versus x .



Observe that the left-hand and right-hand limits are not equal.

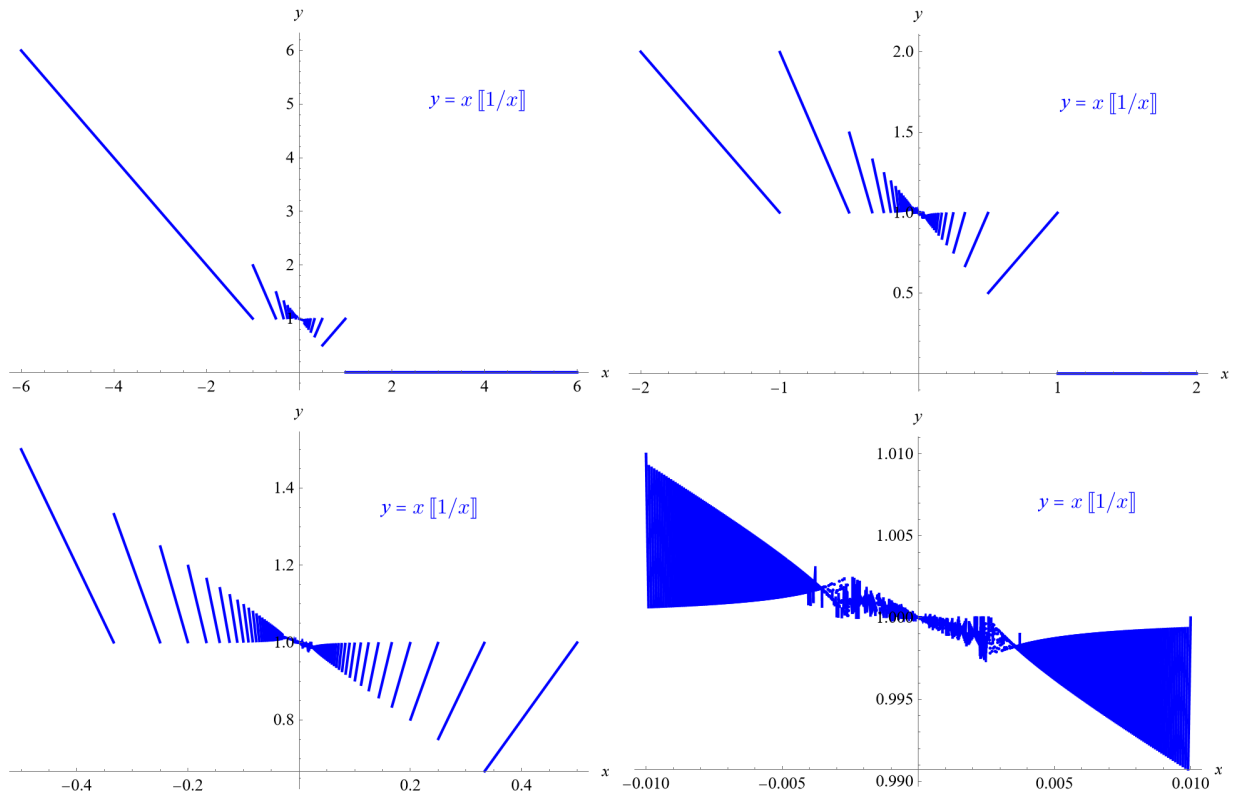
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{[x]}{x} = +\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{[x]}{x} = 0$$

Therefore,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{[x]}{x} \text{ does not exist.}$$

Part (b)

The function $x \llbracket 1/x \rrbracket$ is graphed below over several intervals of x in order to illustrate the function's behavior towards the origin.



Observe that the left-hand and right-hand limits are equal.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} x \llbracket 1/x \rrbracket = 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \llbracket 1/x \rrbracket = 1$$

Therefore,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \llbracket 1/x \rrbracket = 1.$$